

WPF PUZZLE GP 2015 COMPETITION BOOKLET



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Organised by









Submission Page: http://www.gp.worldpuzzle.org/content/puzzle-gp

Points:

1.	Тара	5	19.	Magic Summer	2
2.	Тара	13	20.	Magic Summer	7
3.	Тара	13	21.	Magic Summer	6
4.	Тара	18	22.	Magic Summer	11
5.	Тара	33	23.	Magic Summer	23
6.	Тара	45	24.	Magic Summer	39
7.	Skyscrapers	7	25.	Pentominous	4
8.	Skyscrapers	5	26.	Pentominous	8
9.	Skyscrapers	23	27.	Pentominous	6
10.	Skyscrapers	17	28.	Pentominous	5
11.	Skyscrapers	18	29.	Pentominous	11
12.	Skyscrapers	41	30.	Pentominous	16
13.	Scrabble	7	31.	Castle Wall	4
14.	Scrabble	4	32.	Castle Wall	12
15.	Scrabble	9	33.	Castle Wall	12
16.	Scrabble	9	34.	Castle Wall	40
17.	Scrabble	10	35.	Castle Wall	37
18.	Scrabble	15	36.	Castle Wall	38
			37.	Find the Differences	10+4+13
			TOTAL:		600

General Notes: The last puzzle, Find the Differences, has variable scoring. If you find all ten differences you will score 27 points. If you find nine of the ten differences you will score 13 points. Otherwise you will score 1 point per difference found.







7

14

23

23

1₃

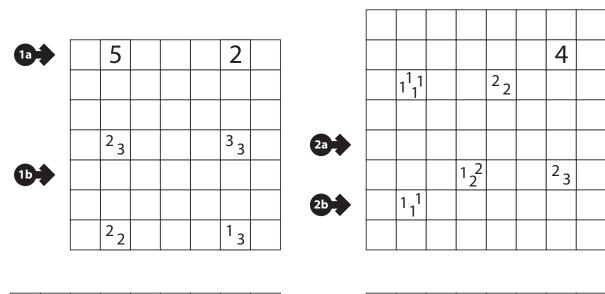
1-4. Tapa (5, 13, 13, 18 points)

Shade some empty cells black (cells with numbers cannot be shaded). All black cells connect along edges to create a single connected region. (It is permissible for the region to touch itself at a corner, but touching at a corner does not connect the region.) No 2×2 group of squares can be entirely shaded black.

Numbers in a cell indicate the lengths of contiguous black cell groups along the "ring" of (up to) 8 cells touching that cell. (If there is more than one number in a cell, then there must be at least one white (unshaded) cell between the black cell groups.) The numbers are given in *no particular order*. As a special case, if the number given in a cell is a zero (0), it means that none of the cells around that cell may be shaded black.

Answer: For each designated row, enter the length in cells of each of the shaded segments from left to right. Use only the last digit for two-digit numbers; e.g., use '0' for a segment of size 10. If there are no black cells in the row, enter a single digit '0'.

Example Answer: 212, 231



3a -											6		7		
		1 1	2			1 1		4a -							
						1,1					22				
				33									5		
		14										1,1		6	
		121			23	122		4b	•						
										1 ₃					
3b												14		5	
	 								- +			$\overline{}$	 	$\overline{}$	





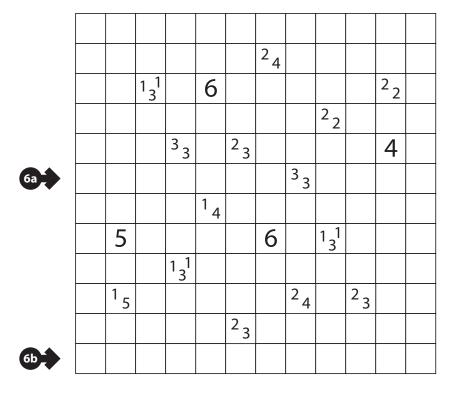


5-6. Tapa (33, 45 points)

Answer: For each designated row, enter the length in cells of each of the shaded segments from left to right. Use only the last digit for two-digit numbers; e.g., use '0' for a segment of size 10. If there are no black cells in the row, enter a single digit '0'.

Example Answer: 212, 231

				12		3	
5a -		14					
		23	6	33	4		
5b	1 1					33	
		12	22	1,1	1,1		
					1,1		
	3		3				









7-10. Skyscrapers (7, 5, 23, 17 points)

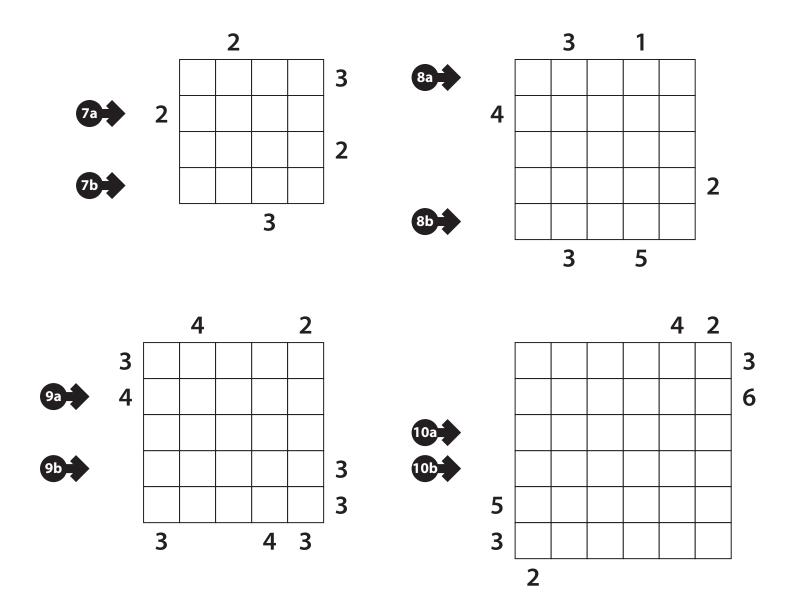
Place a digit from 1 to X into each cell so that each digit appears exactly once in each row and column. (X is the number of cells in each row.) The digits represent skyscrapers of their respective heights. The numbers outside the grid indicate how many skyscrapers can be seen in the respective row or column from the respective direction (smaller skyscrapers are hidden behind higher ones).

2 3 5 4 1 2 5

4 2

Answer: For each designated row, enter its contents. Do *not* include any numbers outside the grid.

Example Answer: 45312, 23541







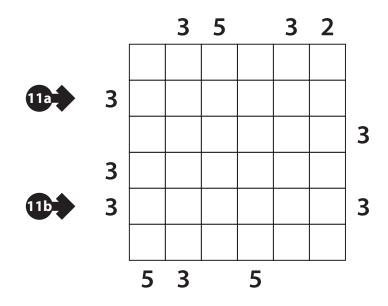


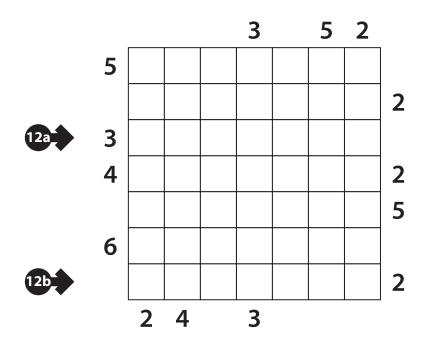
11-12. Skyscrapers (18, 41 points)

Answer: For each designated row, enter its contents. Do *not* include any numbers outside the grid.

Example Answer: 45312, 23541

)		
→		4	5	3	1	2	3
		5	4	1	2	3	3
	4	1	2	4	3	5	
→	3	2	3	5	4	1	
		3	1	2	5	4	
			4	2			











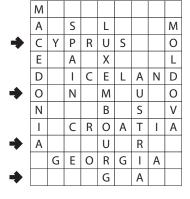
13-15. Scrabble (7, 4, 9 points)

Put at most one letter into each cell so that the given words can be read either across (left-to-right) or down (top-to-bottom) in consecutive cells in the grid. Every word must appear in the grid exactly once, and no other words may appear in the grid (that is, if two cells are filled and are adjacent, then there must be a word that uses both of them). Every word must have either a blank cell or the edge of the grid before and after it. All letters must be (orthogonally) connected in a single group.

Each grid has a "special letter": every instance of that special letter is already placed for you (so you may not put that letter into any more cells).

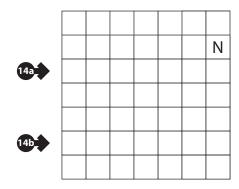
Answer: For each designated row, enter its contents from left to right, ignoring any blank cells. If all cells in the row are blank, enter a single letter 'X'.

Example Answer: CYPRUSO, ONMUO, AUR, GA

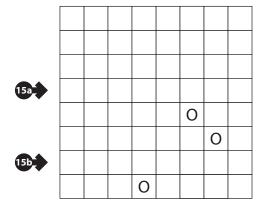


				R
13a				
			R	
13b				R

DO PITS
GO TYPE
OF DEPART
OR
DID
FIX
RAG
RAT



NO TEAR
DIM HELLO
MAY ZEBRA
WON BOLDLY
ZIP AWARDED



NO LEAST
ON MUSIC
TO SKULL
WE RESTLESS
GOD SLANTING
OWL
DATA
STIR







16-18. Scrabble (9, 10, 15 points)

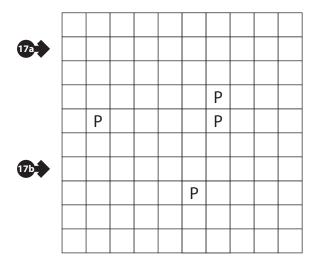
Answer: For each designated row, enter its contents from left to right, ignoring any blank cells. If all cells in the row are blank, enter a single letter 'X'.

Example Answer: CYPRUSO, ONMUO, AUR, GA

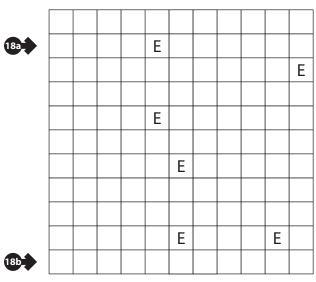
					S
16a					
	S		S		
		S			
				S	
16b					
160-		S		S	

ΙT	NEST
O F	DEBTS
ΤO	ROYAL
ACT	SWING
EGG	WASTE
ILL	SEASON
LIE	BONFIRES
SHE	DISARMING
SKI	REWARDING

	М								
	Α		S		L				М
→	С	Υ	Р	R	U	S			0
	Ε		Α		Χ				L
	D		Ι	С	Ε	L	Α	Ν	D
→	0		Ν		Μ		U		0
	N				В		S		٧
	Τ		C	R	0	Α	Т	Τ	Α
→	Α				U		R		
		G	Ε	0	R	G	Τ	Α	
→					G		Α		



DO
SEE
SUM
CLASS
APPEAL
PICNIC
OUTWARD
DEMOCRATIC
INCOMPLETE
INDIRECTLY



ВЕ	LAMB
ΤO	SIMPLE
AGO	BISCUIT
CAR	ISLANDS
CUT	BILLIONS
DIM	MINERALS
DRY	SOCIETIES
NET	CONDITIONS
ODD	COLLECTIONS
OWL	COMBINATION
SUN	







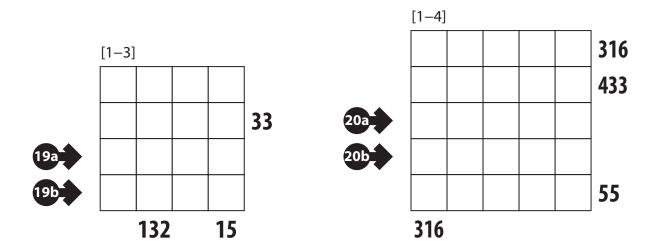
19-22. Magic Summer (2, 7, 6, 11 points)

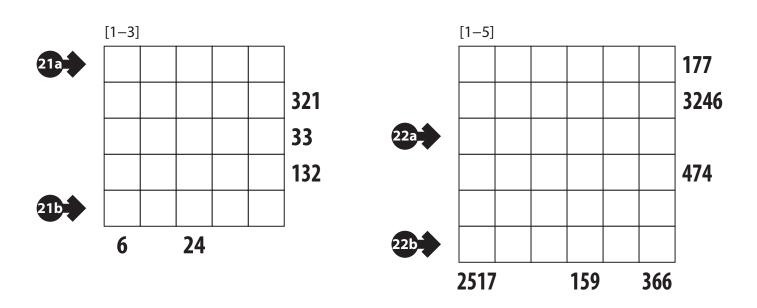
Place a digit from 1 to X into some cells, at most one digit per cell, so that each digit in the range appears exactly once in each row and column. (The range of permitted digits will be provided to you above the grid.) The digits in the grid connect with horizontally and vertically adjacent digits to form multi-digit numbers. The numbers outside the grid indicate the sums of the numbers appearing in the respective rows and columns, where empty cells separate numbers.

	[1–4]						
→	1		4		3	2	37
	3	2		1	4		46
		4	2	3		1	424
	2		3		1	4	19
→	4	1		2		3	46
		3	1	4	2		3142
	37	37	28	37	37	145	

Answer: For each designated row, enter its contents. Use "X" for empty cells.

Example Answer: 1X4X32, 41X2X3









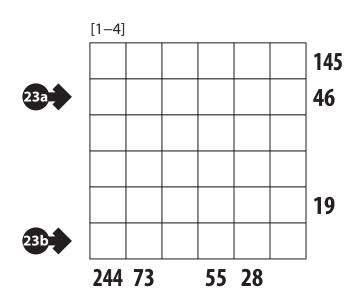


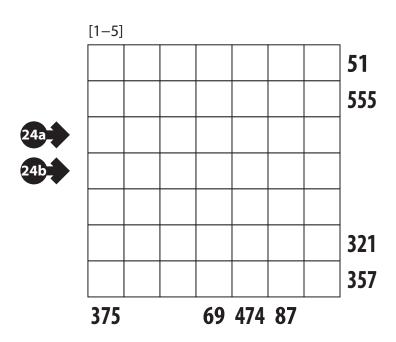
23-24. Magic Summer (23, 39 points)

Answer: For each designated row, enter its contents. Use "X" for empty cells.

Example Answer: 1X4X32, 41X2X3

	[1-4]						
→	1		4		3	2	37
	3	2		1	4		46
		4	2	3		1	424
	2		3		1	4	19
→	4	1		2		3	46
		3	1	4	2		3142
	37	37	28	37	37	145	











25-28. Pentominous (4, 8, 6, 5 points)

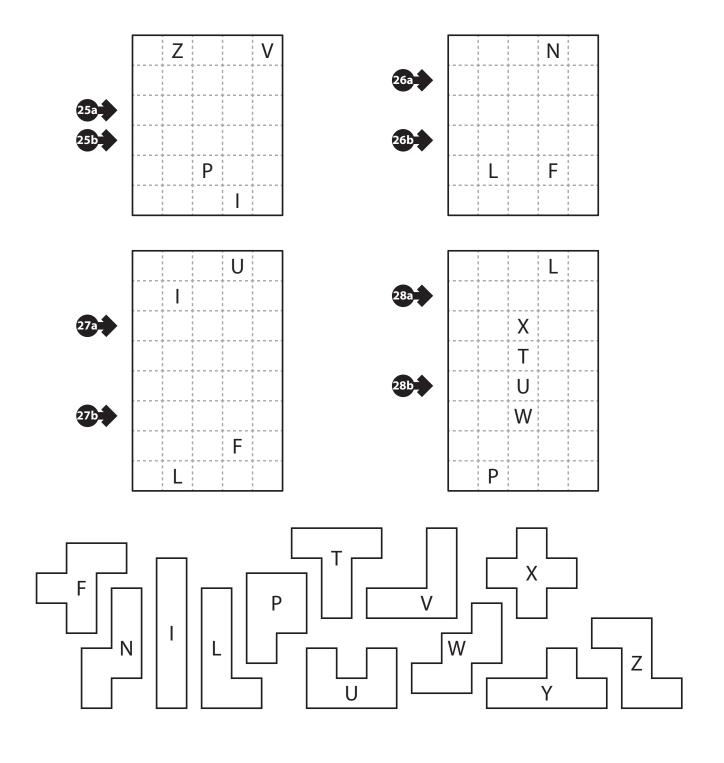
Divide the grid into pentominoes such that every cell in the grid is part of exactly one pentomino. Pentominoes of the same shape (rotations and reflections of a pentomino count as the same shape) cannot touch each other along an edge (but they may touch diagonally). Some letters are given in the grid. Each letter must be part of a pentomino with that letter's shape. It is permissible for a pentomino to contain more than one letter. (It is possible for some pentomino shapes to never appear in the grid, or more than once.)

 ▶
 I
 I

 P
 F

Answer: For each designated row, enter the letter for the pentomino that each cell belongs to, from left to right.

Example Answer: IPPPI, IUFUI





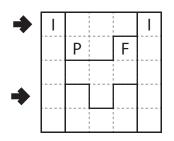


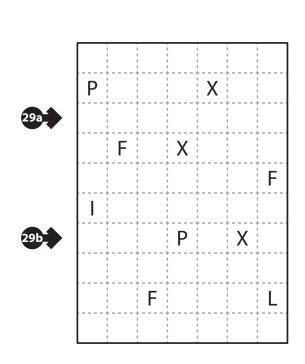


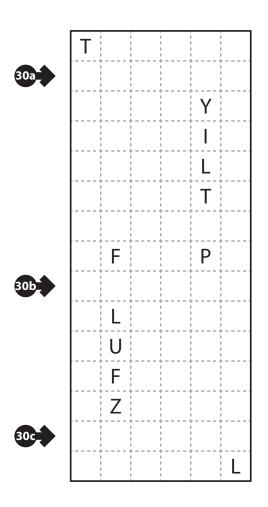
29-30. Pentominous (11, 16 points)

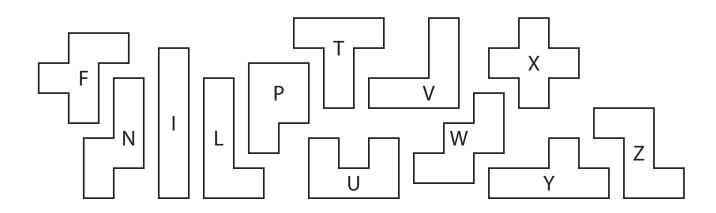
Answer: For each designated row, enter the letter for the pentomino that each cell belongs to, from left to right.

Example Answer: IPPPI, IUFUI









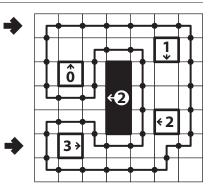






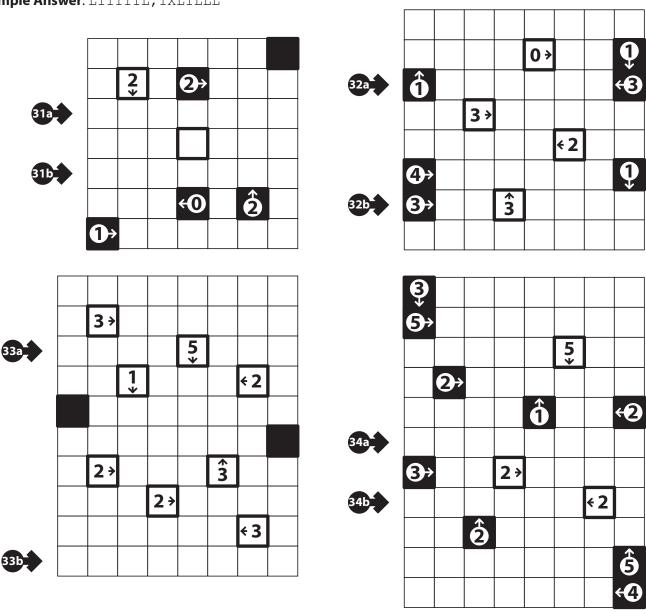
31-34. Castle Wall (4, 12, 12, 40 points)

Draw a single closed loop passing through some empty cells in the grid. The loop connects centers of adjacent cells, makes only right-angle turns or goes straight, and does not intersect or cross itself. The grid contains some bordered or black cells that cannot be part of the loop. Bordered cells must be inside the loop; black cells must be outside the loop. Numbers and arrows refer to the total sum of the lengths of straight loop segments along the given direction. (An equivalent way to understand these values is by putting a dot each place the loop crosses a cell border. Each numbered arrow then points to that number of dots.)



Answer: For each designated row, enter its contents, from left to right. Use 'I' for a cell where the loop goes straight, use 'L' for a cell where the loop makes a turn, and use 'X' for cells that are not part of the loop.

Example Answer: LIIIIIL, IXLILLL





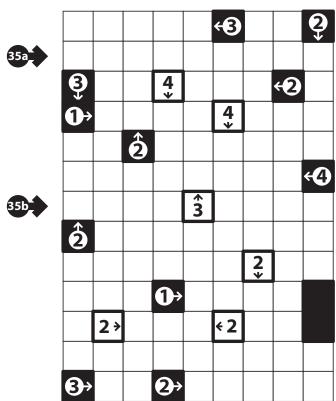


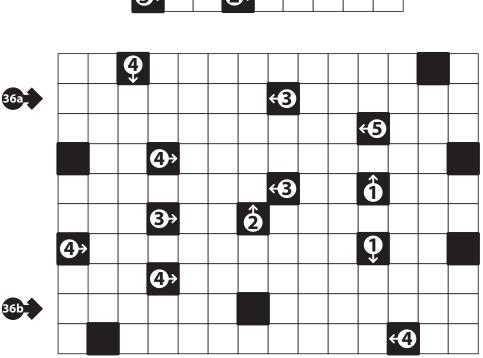


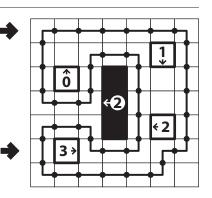
35-36. Castle Wall (37, 38 points)

Answer: For each designated row, enter its contents, from left to right. Use 'I' for a cell where the loop goes straight, use 'L' for a cell where the loop makes a turn, and use 'X' for cells that are not part of the loop.

Example Answer: LIIIIIL, IXLILLL













37. Find the Differences (1 point each for 10 points + 4 points bonus for finding at least nine differences + 13 points bonus for finding all differences = maximum 27 points)

Find the ten differences between the picture and its reflection. (The example has three differences, not ten. The competition puzzle will be in greyscale.)

You will receive bonus points if you find nine of the ten differences, with additional points if you find all ten.

The differences are clearly intentional, such as things that have disappeared, moved, changed size, shape, or orientation. Ignore the grid lines and subtle differences due to graphic anomalies or overall distortion. Each grid square will contain at most one difference.

Answer: Enter the coordinates, row first (such as 'A1') for each difference found. You do not need to enter them in any particular order. (Do not put separating symbols, such as spaces or commas, between the coordinates.)



